

### **C17 Mediterranean Landscape**





Top left: **Claude Lorrain**, Landscape with Hagar and the Angel (1646-7)

C17 Dutch & Flemish Landscape





Top right: **Peter Paul Rubens**, A View of Het Steen in the Early Morning (c.1636)



Jacob van Ruisdael, Evening Landscape – a Windmill by a Stream (c.1650)

John Crome, Road with Pollards (1815)





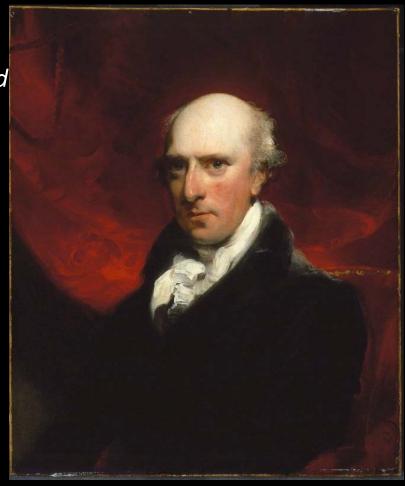
John Sell Cotman, *Drainage Mills* in the Fens, Croyland, Lincolnshire (1835)



Thomas Gainsborough, Wooded Landscape with Gypsies Gathered Round a Fire (1753/54)

# Sir Uvedale Price 1747-1829

1794: Essay on the Picturesque, As Compared with the Sublime and The Beautiful (revised ed. 1796)



Sir Thomas Lawrence, Sir Uvedale Price (1747-1829)



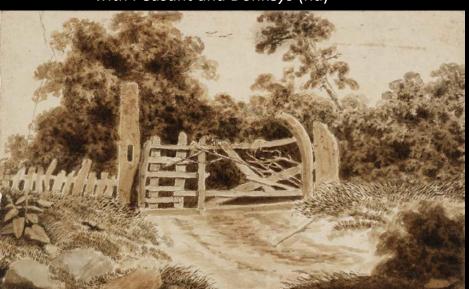
Robert Price (Uvedale's father), 'Wooded Landscape, after A Waterloo' (?mid-C18)

The moment this mechanical common-place operation (by which Mr. Brown and his followers have gained so much credit) is begun, adieu to all that the painter admires — to all intricacies -- to all the beautiful varieties of form, tint, and light and shade; every deep recess – every bold projection – the fantastic roots of trees – the winding paths of sheep — all must go; in a few hours, the rash hand of false taste completely demolishes what time only, and a thousand lucky accidents, can mature, so as to make it become the admiration and study of a Ruysdal or a Gainsborough; and reduces it to such a thing, as an Oilman in Thames-street may at any time contract for by the yard at Islington or Mile-End.

(Uvedale Price, An Essay on the Picturesque, 1796, pp.39-41.)



Thomas Gainsborough, Wooded Landscape with Peasant and Donkeys (nd)



William Bree, A Much-Repaired Gate (1804)



Thomas Gainsborough, Drinkstone Park (1747)

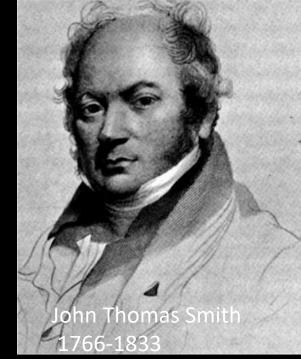


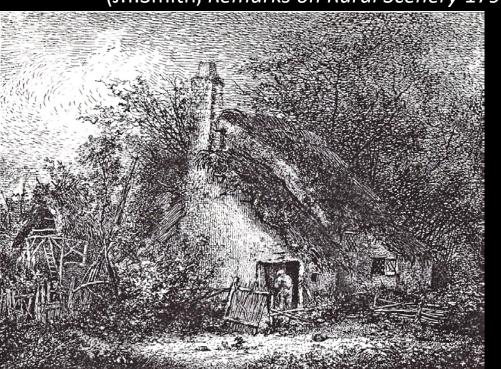
John Constable, Broken Gate – detail from *The Cornfield* (1826)

Thomas Gainsborough, Detail from Cornard Wood (1748)

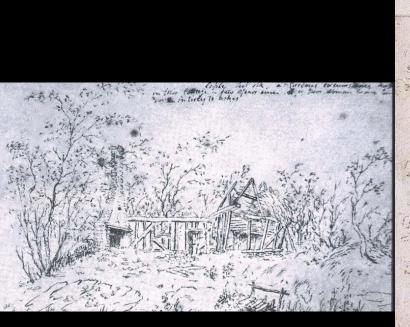


Palaces, castles, churches, monastic ruins, and the remains, and even vestiges and conjectural situations, of our ancient feudal and ecclesiastical structures, have been elaborately, and indeed very interestingly described, with all their characteristic distinctions, while the objects comprehended by the term *cottage scenery* have by no means been honored with equal attention; and this, it should seem, merely because, though of equal excellence in the scale of pictoresque beauty, that beauty happens not to be of the <a href="heroic">heroic</a> or sublime order. (J.T.Smith, Remarks on Rural Scenery 1797)











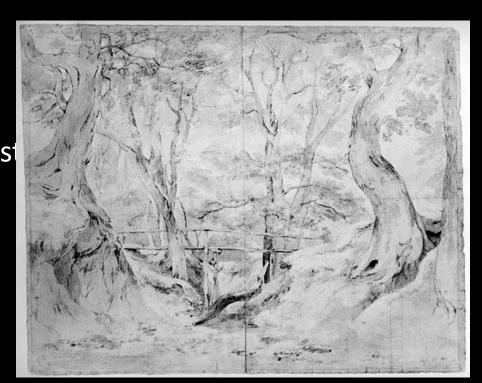
John Constable, Drawings of Suffolk Cottages, c.1796



Anthonie Waterloo, Landscape with a Brook in Foreground: etching (nd)



Jacob van Ruisdael, The Three Oaks (1649)



John Constable, Helmingham Dell (1800)



Thomas Gainsborough, Wooded Landscape with Figures outside a Cottage Door (1775-1780)



John Constable, Cottage Among Trees (1799)



Claude Lorrain, Landscape with Hagar and the Angel (1646)



John Constable, Dedham Vale (1802)



Meindert Hobbema, Woodland Road (c.1670)



John Constable, A Cornfield (?1817)





Claude, Landscape with Goatherd and Goats (1636-37). National Gallery, London

John Constable, *Landscape with Goatherd and Goats* (1823).

Art Gallery, New South Wales

'It contains almost all that I wish to do in landscape,...a noon day scene — which "warms and cheers but which does not inflame or irritate" — Mr. Price. It diffuses a life & breezy freshness into the recess of trees which make it enchanting.' (Constable, Letter to Fisher, 2 November 1823).

John Constable The Cornfield (1826)





John Constable, A Cornfield (?1817)

'I do hope to sell
this present
picture — as it has
certainly got a
little more eyesalve than I
usually
condescend to John Constable,
The Cornfield (1826)
give to them'



Old narrow lanes, where trees meet over-head;
Path-stiles, on which a steeple we espy,
Peeping and stretching in the distant sky;...
Old ponds, dim shadowed with a broken tree;
These are the picturesque of Taste to me;
(John Clare, 'Pleasant Places',
The Rural Muse, 1835)





Fenbridge Lane, East Bergholt

John Constable, The Cornfield (1826

'to increase the interest for, and promote the study of, the Rural Scenery of England, with all its endearing associations, its amenities, and even in its most simple localities... [the author] may be pardoned for introducing a spot to which he must naturally feel so much attached; and though to others it may be void of interest or any associations, to him it is fraught with every endearing recollection.'

VARIOUS SUBJECTS OF

### LANDSCAPE,

### CHARACTERISTIC OF ENGLISH SCENERY,

PRINCIPALLY INTENDED TO DISPLAY

THE PHENOMENA OF THE CHIAR'OSCURO OF NATURE:

FROM PICTURES PAINTED BY

JOHN CONSTABLE, R. A.

ENGRAVED BY
DAVID LUCAS.

#### London:

PUBLISHED BY MR. CONSTABLE, 35, CHARLOTTE STREET, FITZROY SQUARE SOLD BY COLNAGHI, DOMINIC COLNAGHI, AND CO. PALL MALL EAST.

1833.

'[the author] may be pardoned for introducing a spot to which he must naturally feel so much attached; and though to others it may be void of interest or any associations, to him it is fraught with every endearing recollection.'



John Constable, 'Frontispiece, Paternal House and Grounds of the Artist. -- Evening': English Landscape Scenery (1834)

...the sound of water escaping from Mill dams, &c., Willows, Old rotten Banks, slimy posts, & brickwork. I love such things. ...As long as I do paint I shall never cease to paint such Places. They have always been my delight.... I should paint my own places best -- Painting is but another word for feeling. I associate "my careless boyhood" to all that lies on the banks of the *Stour*. They made me a painter (& I am grateful)'

(Letter to Rev. John Fisher (23 October 1821), from John Constable's Correspondence, part 6, pp. 76-78.)



ir to all alike; John Constable, *The Leaping Horse* (1825)

No country, then, is fair to all alike;

No landscape with inherent beauty glows;
But different objects different creatures strike...

The mind alone, from habitude bestows
On each material form its shadowy grace:

And thus a never-ceasing pleasure flows
Or to the human, or the bestial race
From those ideal charms we all attach to place.

Richard Polwhele, 'The Influence of Local Attachment with Respect to Home', 1797)

'the Londoners, with all their ingenuity as artists, know nothing of the feelings of a country life, the essence of landscape'

John Constable, Letter to John Fisher, 1 April 1821

'what appears as beautys in the eyes of a pent-up citizen are looked upon as consciets by those who live in the country'

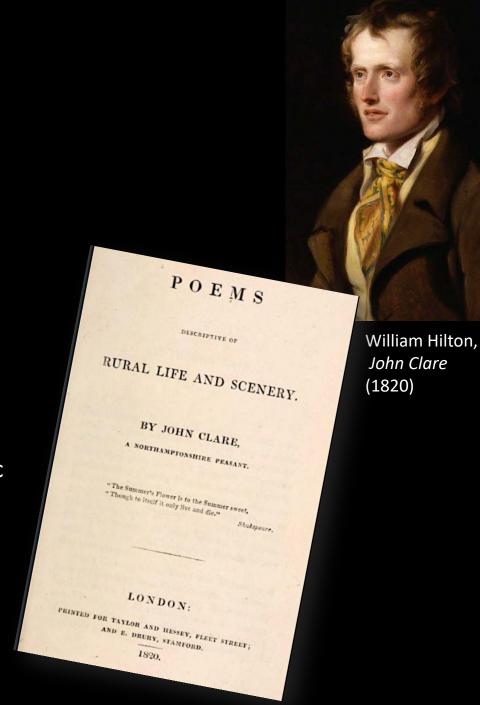
John Clare, from 'Fragments 1825-37': The Prose of John Clare, eds J.W. & A. Tibble, 1951), p.33.

## **JOHN CLARE**

- 1793 Born into labouring class family
- 1820 Married Martha Turner (with whom he had 7 children)

Poems Descriptive of Rural Life and Scenery

- 1821 Village Minstrel and Other Poems
- 1827 Shepherds Calender
- 1835 The Rural Muse
- 1835-7 Mental health deteriorates
- 1837-41 Committed to High Beech Asylum
- 1841-1864 Northampton General Lunatic Asylum
- 1864 Died, aged 71



Associations sweet each object breeds... [The man of true taste] loves each desolate neglected spot That seems in labours hurry left forgot The crank and punished trunk of stunted oak Freed from its bonds but by the thunder stroke As crampt by struggling ribs of ivy sere There the glad bird makes home for half the year But take these several beings from their homes Each beauteous thing a withered thought becomes Association fades and like a dream, They are but shadows of the things they seem Torn from their homes and happiness they stand The poor dull captives of a foreign land (John Clare, from 'Shadows of Taste', 1831)

