# CORPSE ROADS: DIGITAL LANDSCAPE ARCHAEOLOGY

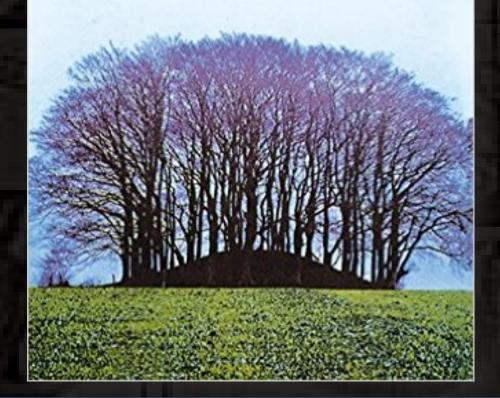
Dr Stuart Dunn Gresham Lecture, 12<sup>th</sup> March 2020

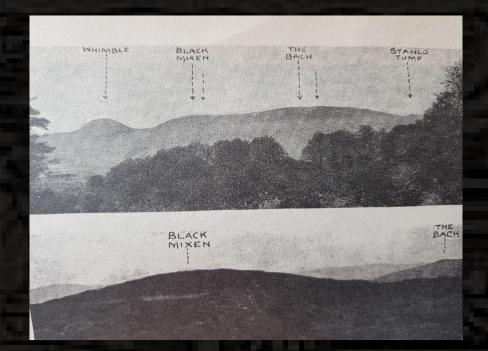
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# ALFRED WATKINS THE OLD STRAIGHT TRACK

THE CLASSIC BOOK ON LEY LINES





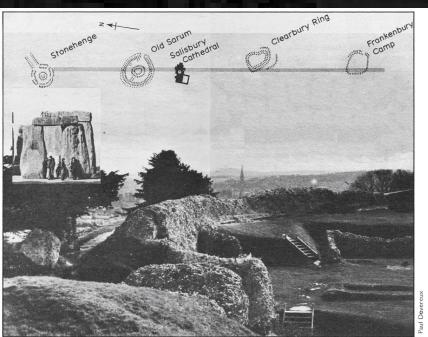
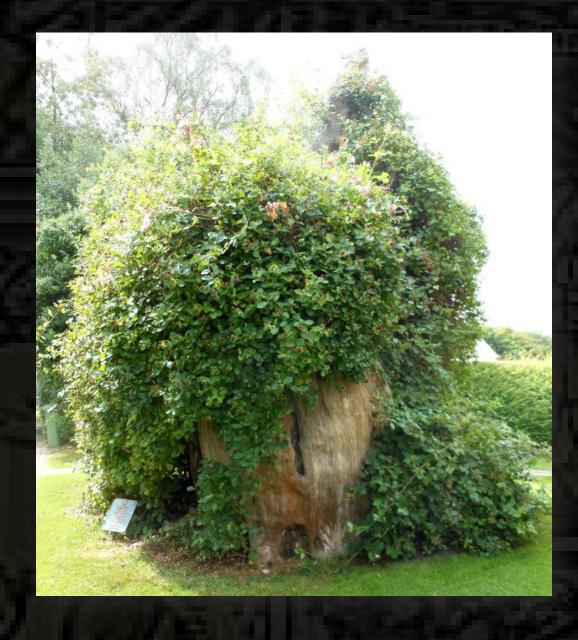


Figure 1 Alignments marked on the map can be observed on the ground (above). The 18-km Old Sarum ley in Wiltshire seen from the earthworks at Old Sarum (foreground) with Salisbury Cathedral and the earthworks at Clearbury Ring (clump on horizon) directly behind







In the churchyard of this village is a yew tree whose aspect bespeaks it to be of great age: it seems to have seen several centuries, and is probably coeval with the church, and therefore may be deemed an antiquity: the body is squat, short and thick, and measures twenty-three feet in girth, supporting an head of suitable extent to its bulk. This is a male tree, which in the spring sheds clouds of dust and fills the atmosphere with its farina.'

Gilbert White, Natural History and Antiquities of Selbourne (1789)

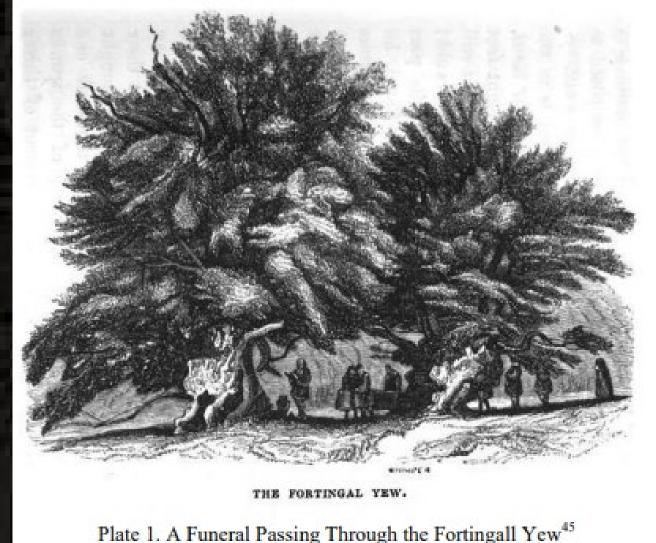


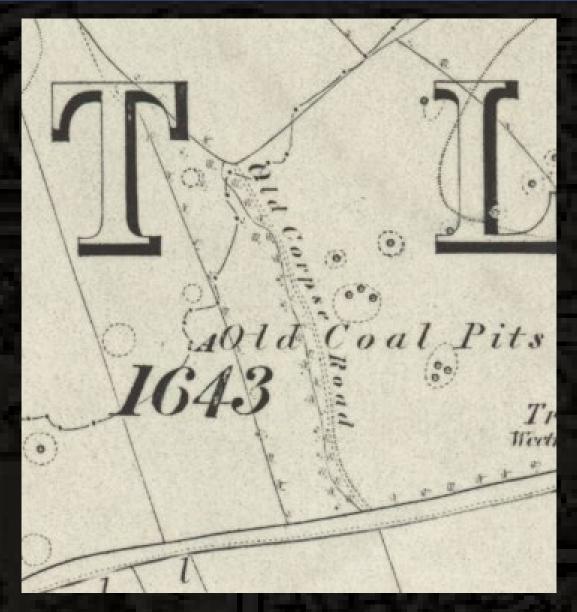
Plate 1. A Funeral Passing Through the Fortingall Yew<sup>45</sup>

Cusack, C. M. "Scotland's Sacred Tree: The Fortingall Yew." Journal of the Sydney Society for Scottish History 14 (2013).

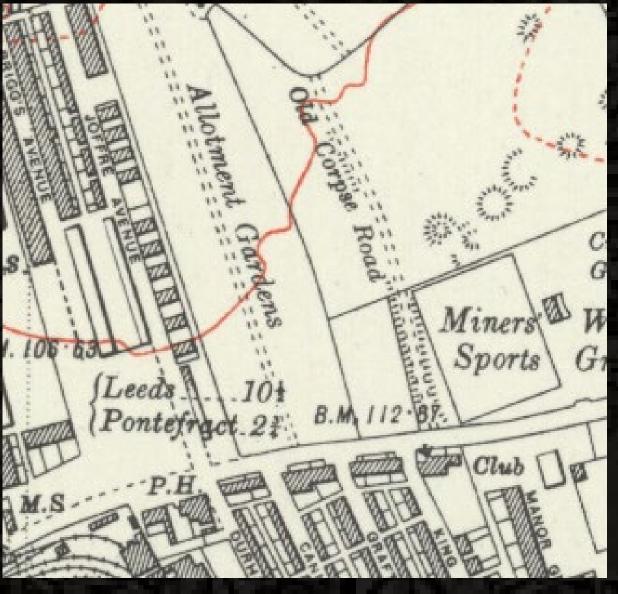




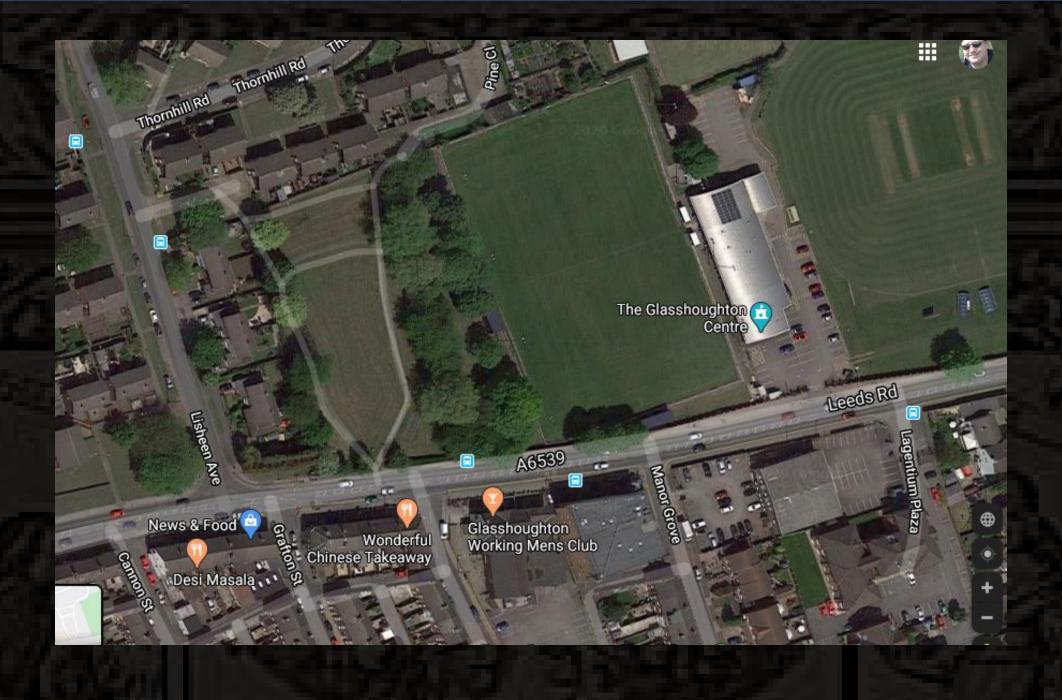




Yorkshire 234 Ordnance Survey. Six-inch to the mile Surveyed 1846 to 1848, Published 1852

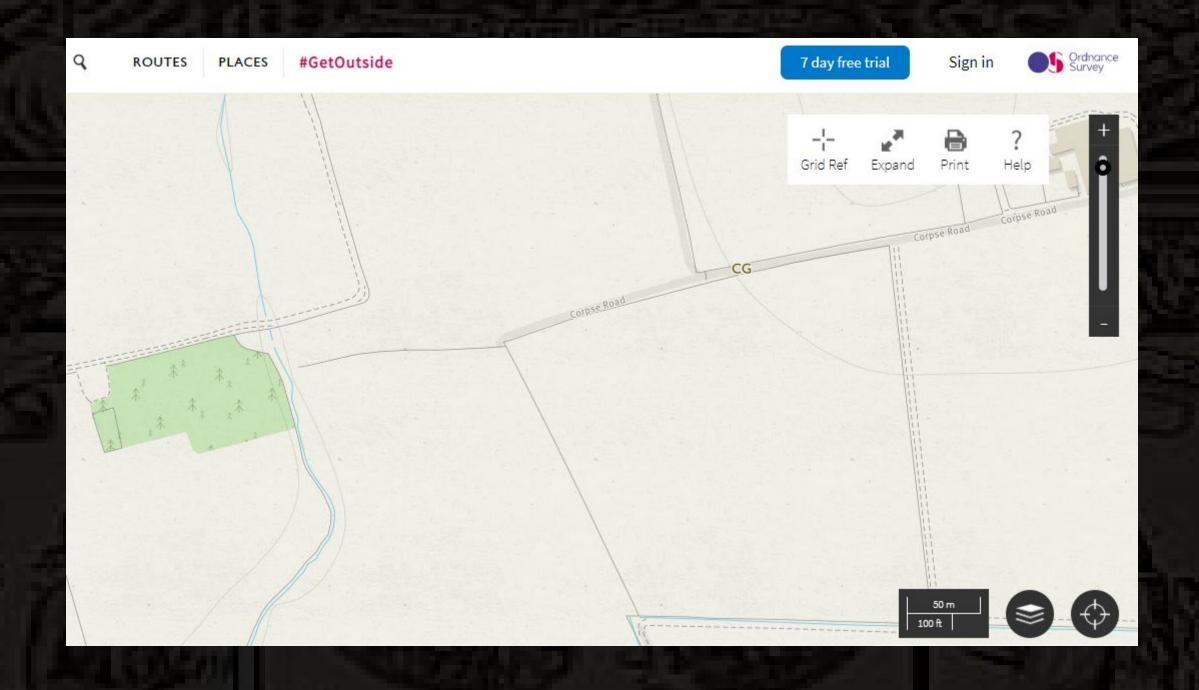


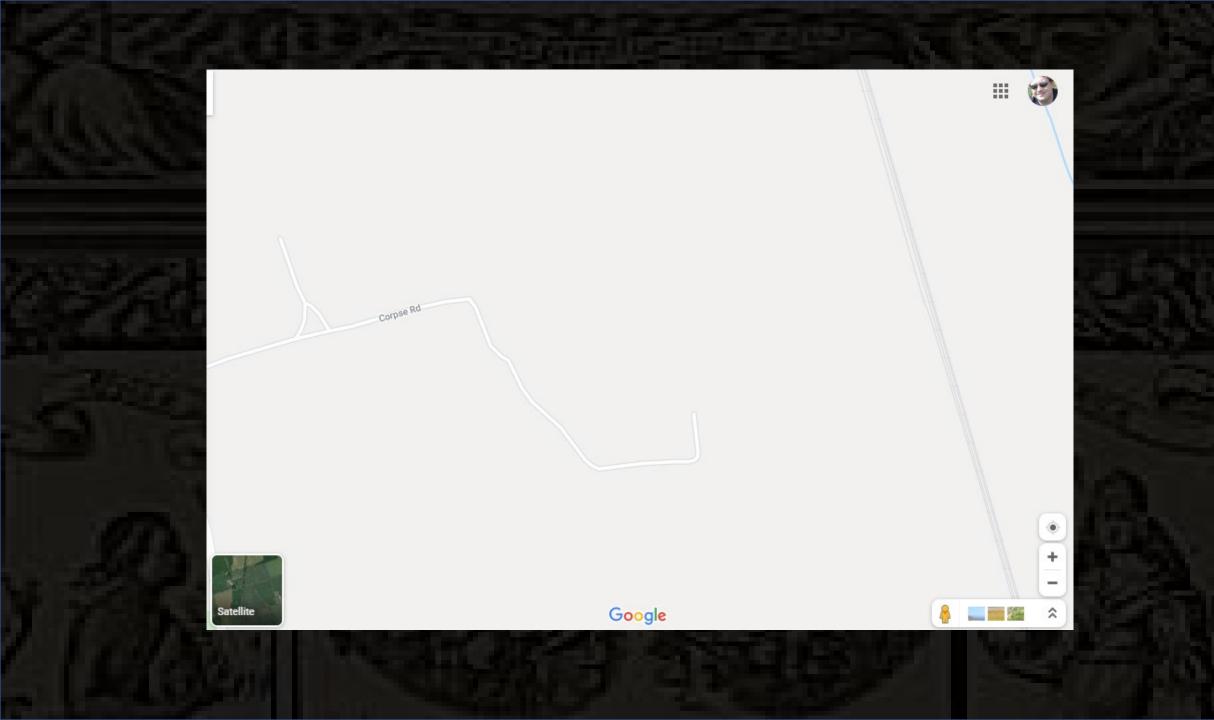
Yorkshire CCXXXIV.SE
Ordnance Survey. Six-inch to the mile Revised 1938
Published 1947





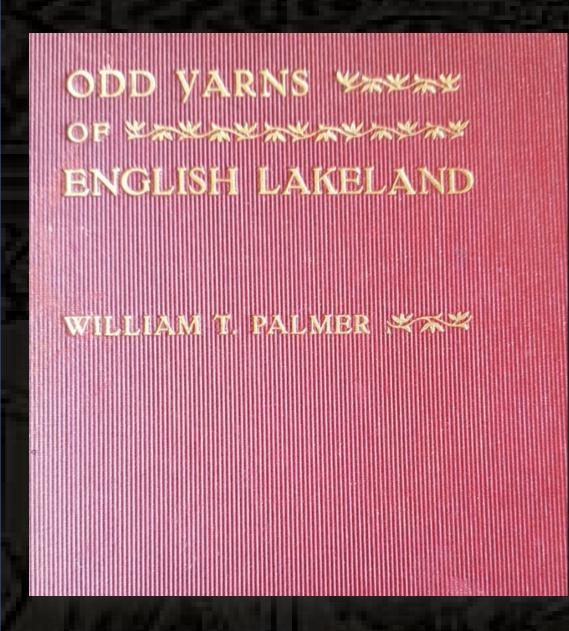
Yorkshire 71 Ordnance Survey. Six-inch to the mile, Surveyed 1854, Published: 1857







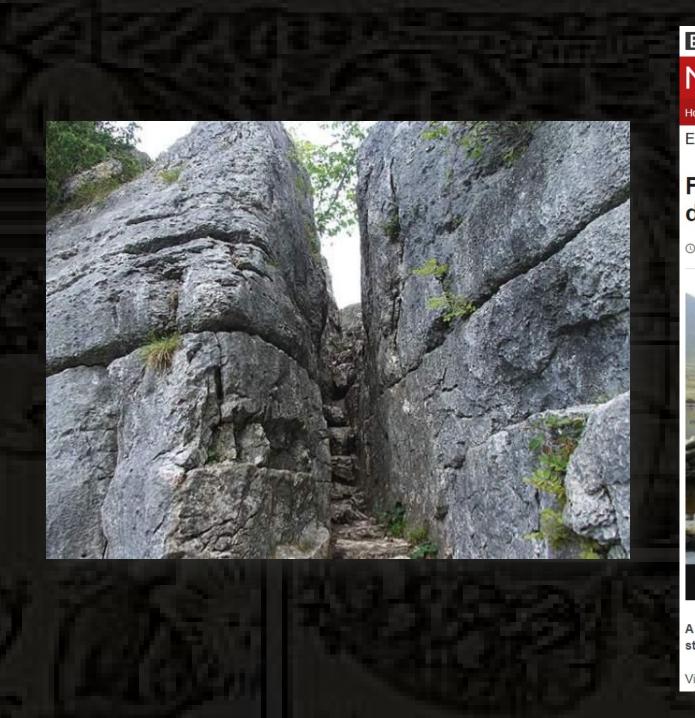
1	Start	Lat	Long	End	Lat	Long	References
							Weeks, W. S. 1928: Public Right of Way Believed to Be Created by the Passage
2							of a Corpse. Folklore, Vol. 39, No. 4 (Dec. 31, 1928), pp. 393-398 - note that the
	Littleworth	51.673166	-1.550766	Farringdon	51.659454	-1.583659	farm at the entrance to Littleworth is called 'Church Path Farm'
3	Spratton	52.323886	-0.950534	Creaton	52.338737	-0.964472	Word of mouth - Norma (?) at HLF meeting mentioned it, 18-6-2013
4	Mardale	54.825577	-3.161102	Shap	54.531855	-2.677969	http://www.geograph.org.uk/photo/72907 also in Devereaux
5	Ludgvan Leaze	50.140761	-5.484849	Ludgvan	50.14476	-5.49319	Devereaux
6	Bosullow	50.153468	-5.614879	Madron	50.132871	-5.566222	Devereaux
7							Devereaux - Celtic wayside cross on path between the two villages (on
,	St Levan	50.04228	-5.660218	Porthcurno	50.047078	-5.656217	Panoramio)
8	Wicca	50.200924	-5.542189	Zennor	50.190103	-5.564873	Devereaux
9	Arnside	54.203169	-2.833104	Beetham	54.212163	-2.771256	http://englishhistoryauthors.blogspot.co.uk/2013/05/the-corpse-road.html
10							Devereaux - also mentioned in 'Eleven Weeks in Europe; and what may be seen
	Rydal	54.446852	-2.981013	Grassmere / Ambleside	54.457984	-3.025045	in that time', James Freeman Clarke, 1887
11	Bellever	50.580952	-3.901486	Lydford	50.646248	-4.105662	Devereaux (Lych Way over Dartmoor)
12	Plush	50.818401	-2.406748	Buckland Newton	50.844226	-2.443411	Devereaux
13	Noke	51.813071	-1.1206512	Islip	51.823059	-1.23282	Devereaux
14	Henton	51.206573	-2.725987	Wookey	51.209321	-2.690828	Devereaux
15				-			Devereaux - Cruise Hill seems (from Google Earth) to have a main street called
	Cruise Hill	52.272544	-1.989118	Feckenham	52.250915	-1.988302	'Burial Lane'
16	Gayle	54.298921	-2.199374	Hawes	54.304035	-2.198923	Devereaux
17	Fryup	54.440805	-0.886541	Danby	54.469471	-0.911258	Devereaux
							in 1260, the Bishop decreed that the dead from Pizwell and neighbouring
18							Babeny, could be taken to Widecombe-in-the-Moor, which was much closer and
				Widdecombe-in-the-Mo			more accessible - http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ancient_Tenements - ref for this? -



"Some of our mountain hamlets are far from the parish church, which has given rise to the "corpse road," which goes straight a lance to the village centre ... But the official who dared to meddle with the corpse road, even though it might not be sued once in twenty years, was in for dire trouble".

W. Palmer, Odd Yarns of English Lakelanad 1915:37





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# Flooded village of Mardale emerges after dry weather

O 24 September 2014







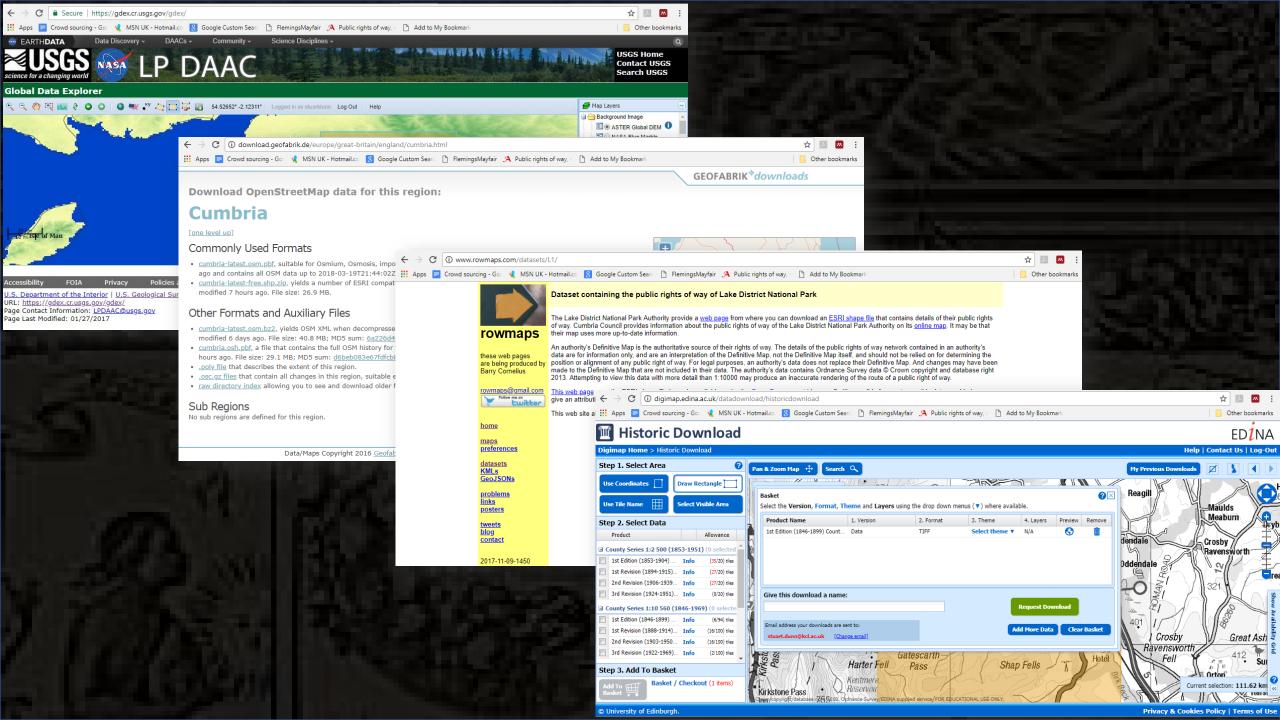


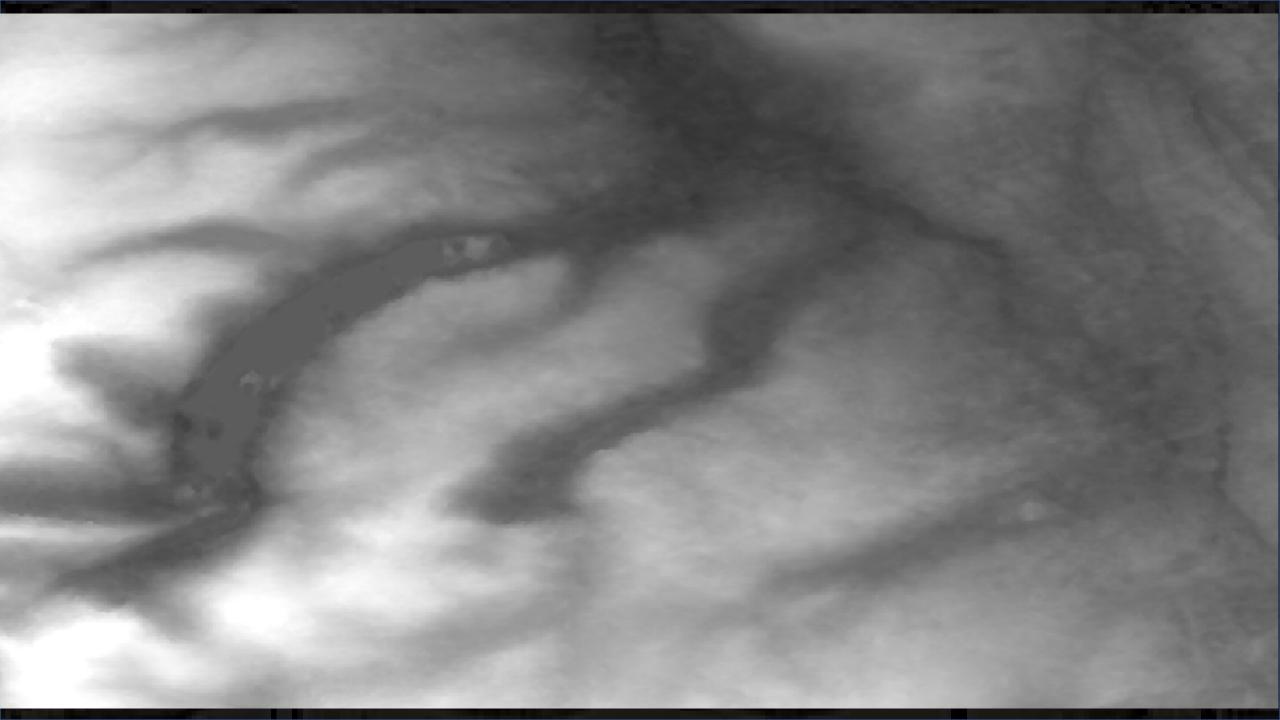


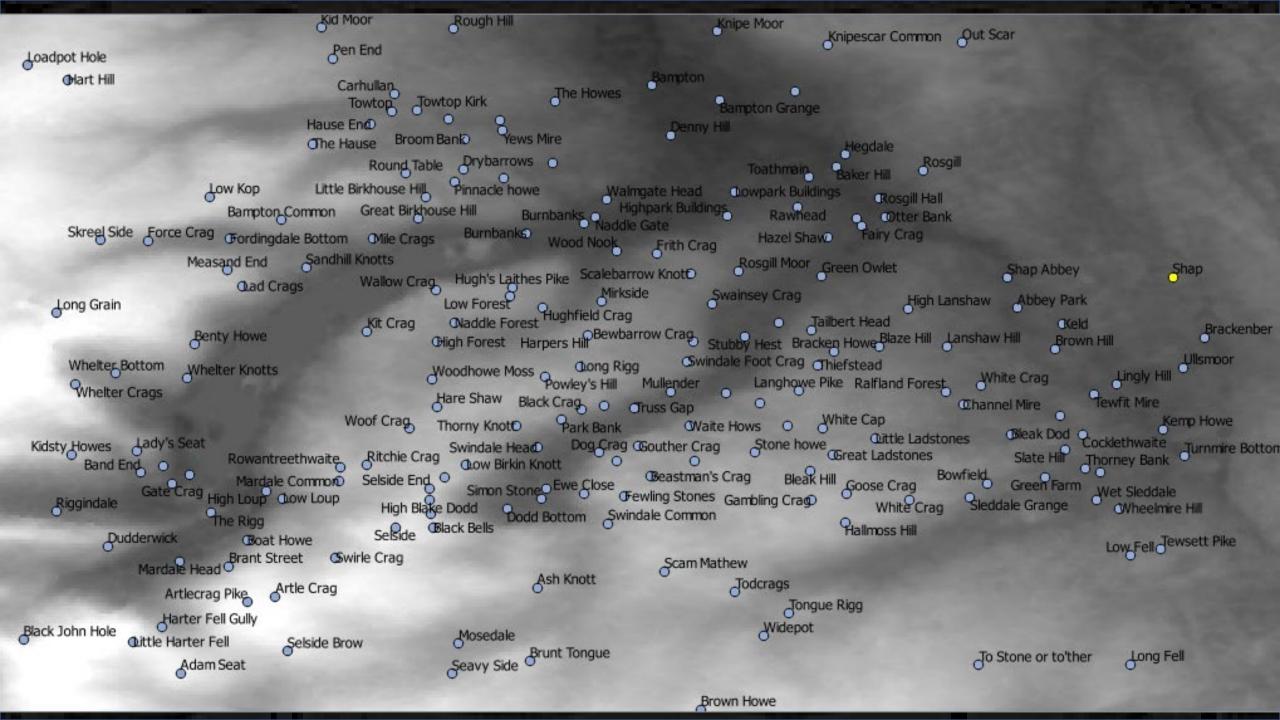
Water levels have fallen because of a dry start to September

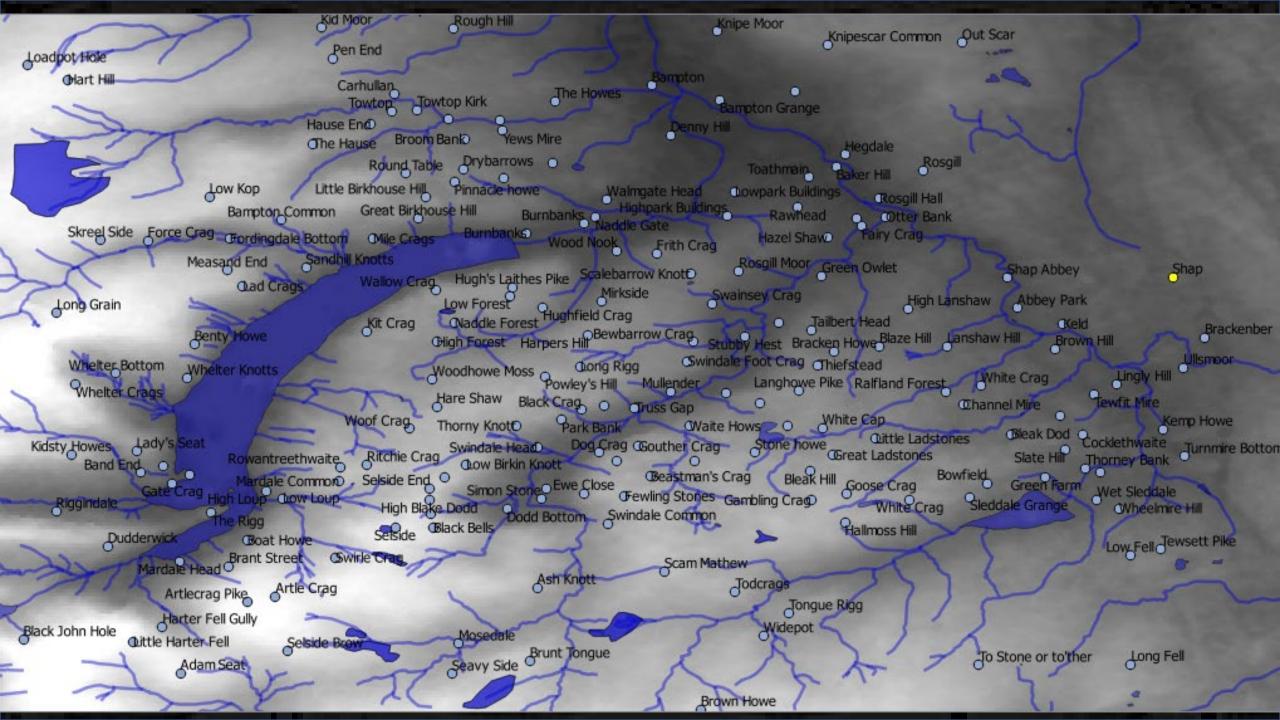
A village flooded in the 1930s to create Haweswater reservoir in Cumbria has started to reappear as water levels recede because of low rainfall.

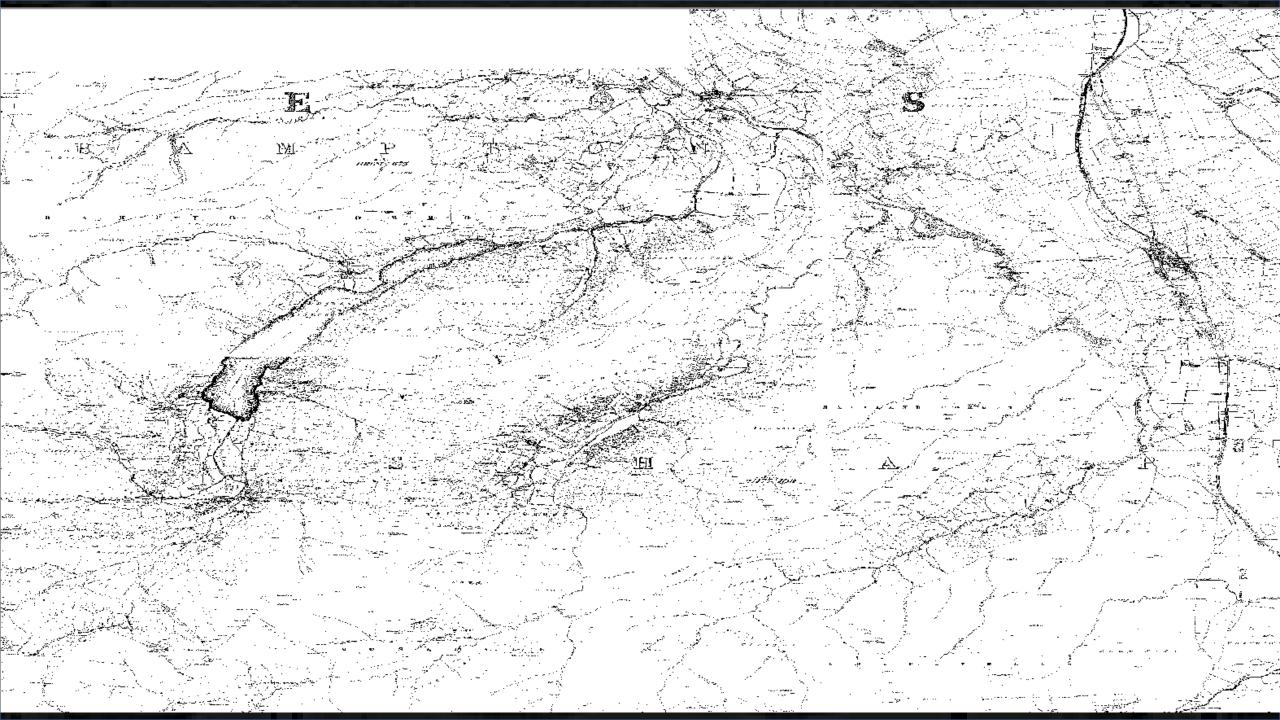
Villagers were moved out of Mardale which disappeared when the valley was filled

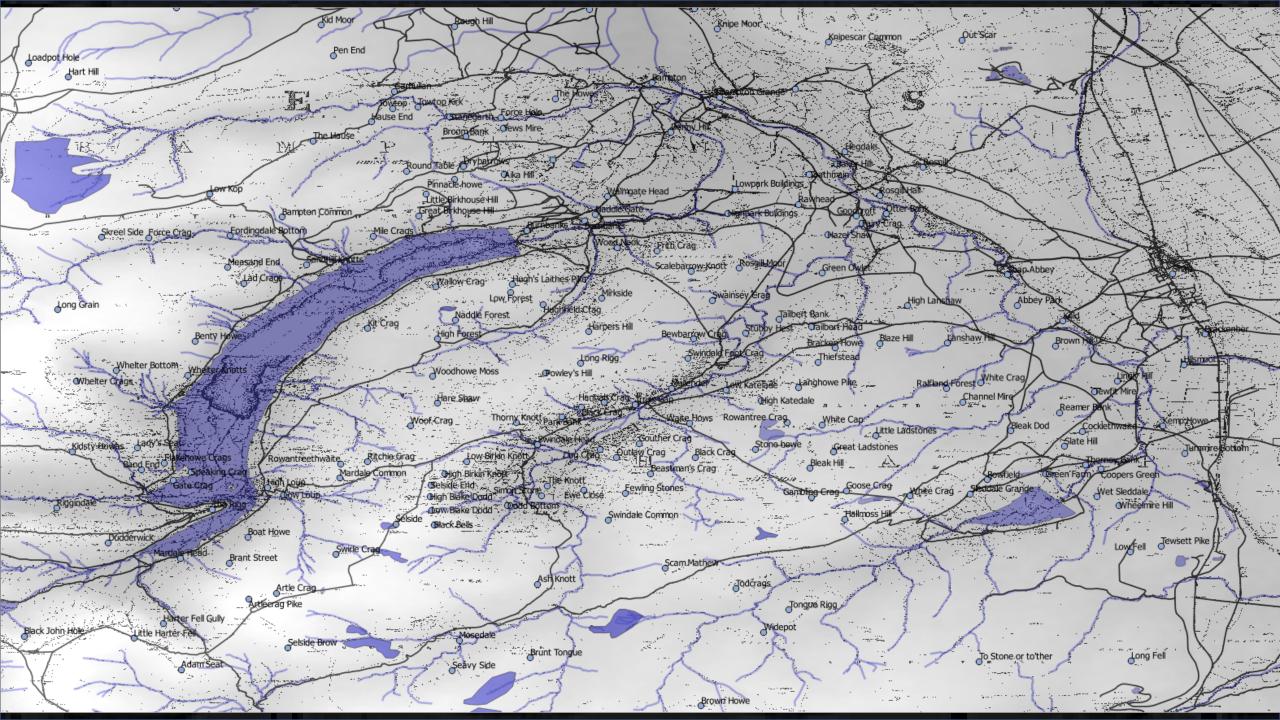


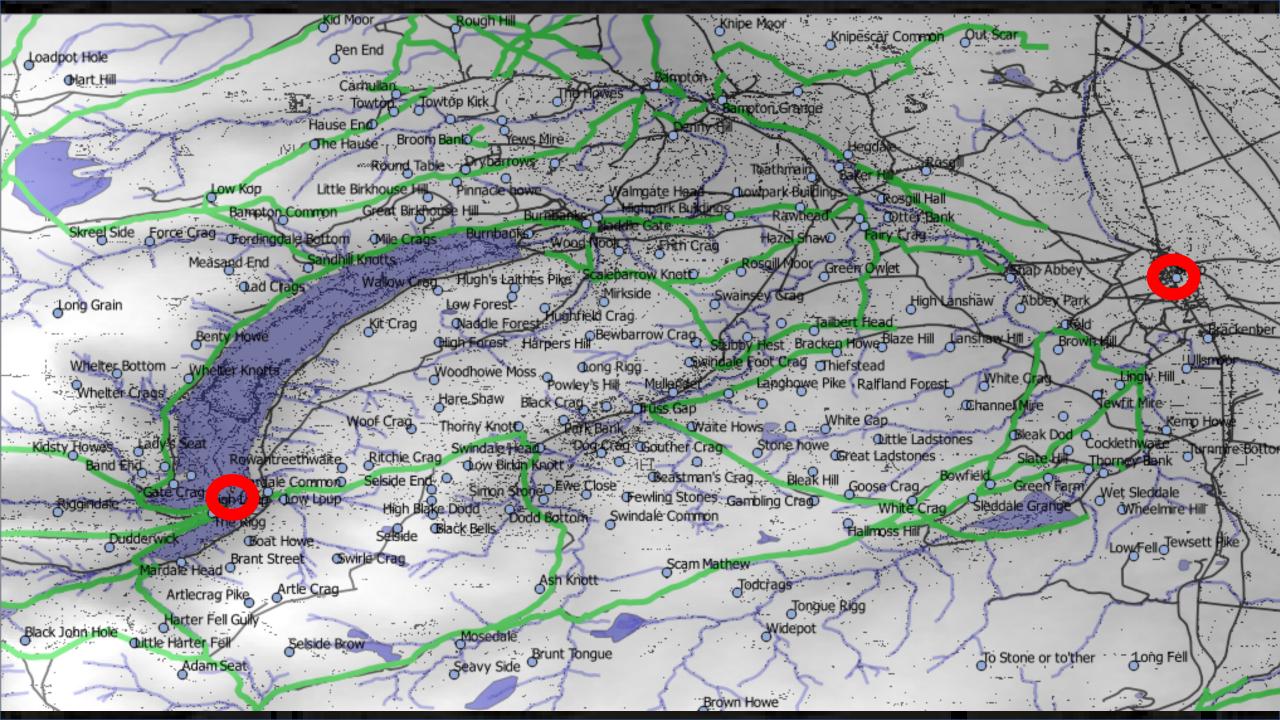


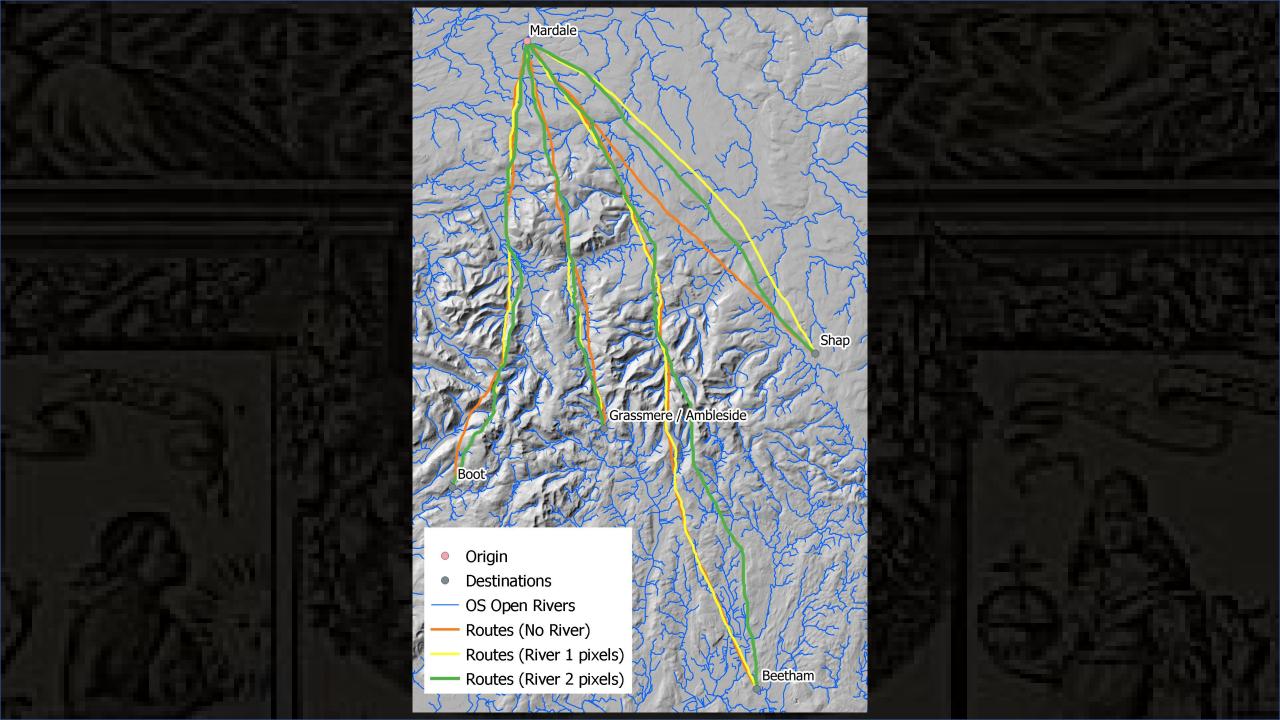


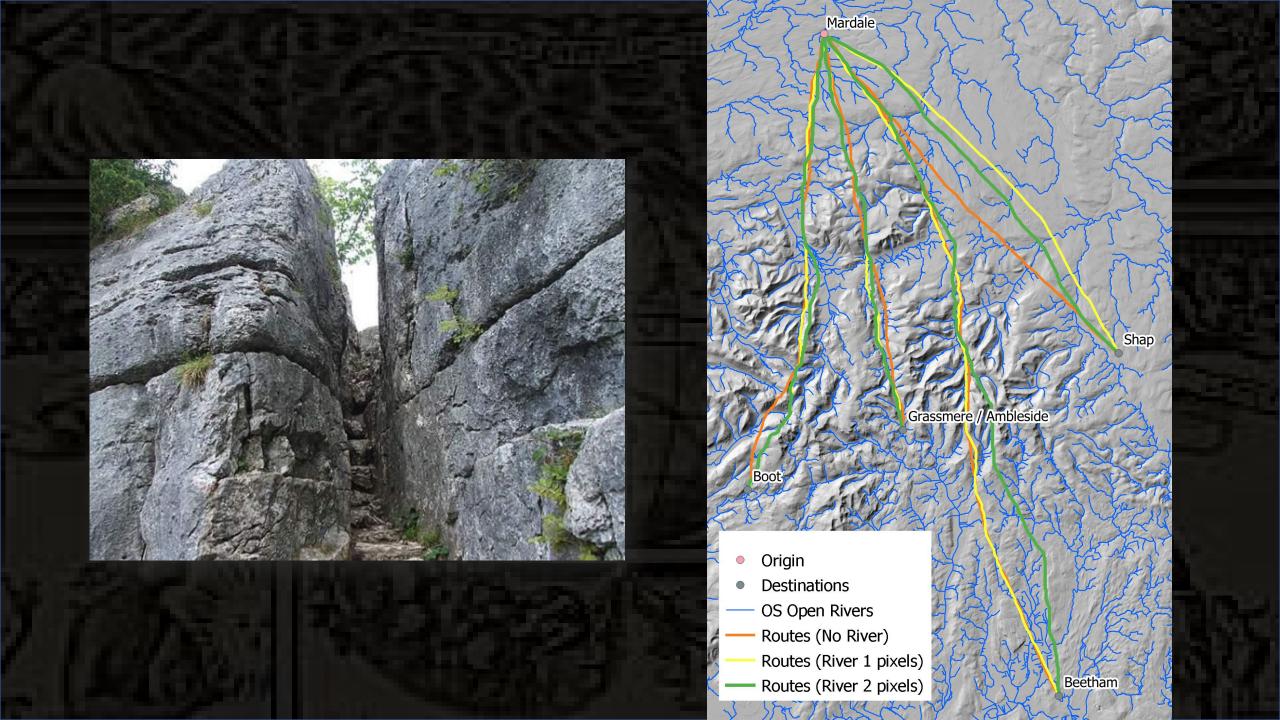












#### CORRESPONDENCE.

Public Right of Way Believed to be Created by the Passage of a Corpse.

(Antea, pp. 284-5).

I have met with this idea in East Lancashire. Between thirty and forty years ago, a gentleman, (who by the way was a practising solicitor), lived at Worston, near Clitheroe. His house was situate some distance from the high road, and was approached simply by a track across the intervening fields. He had in contemplation the construction of a properly formed carriage drive to his house, and, on mentioning this to the landlady of the village inn at Worston, she cautioned him that if he allowed three funerals to pass over the road when made it would become a public highway. In the Fustice of the Peace (a legal journal mainly devoted to matters affecting Magistrates and Local Authorities generally) for the 16th April, 1887, (vol. li, p. 249) "Undertaker" wrote as follows:—

" A case has recently happened in which a landowner refused



## Letter to the Editor

From A. R. Vickery

#### FUNERALS PROHIBITED

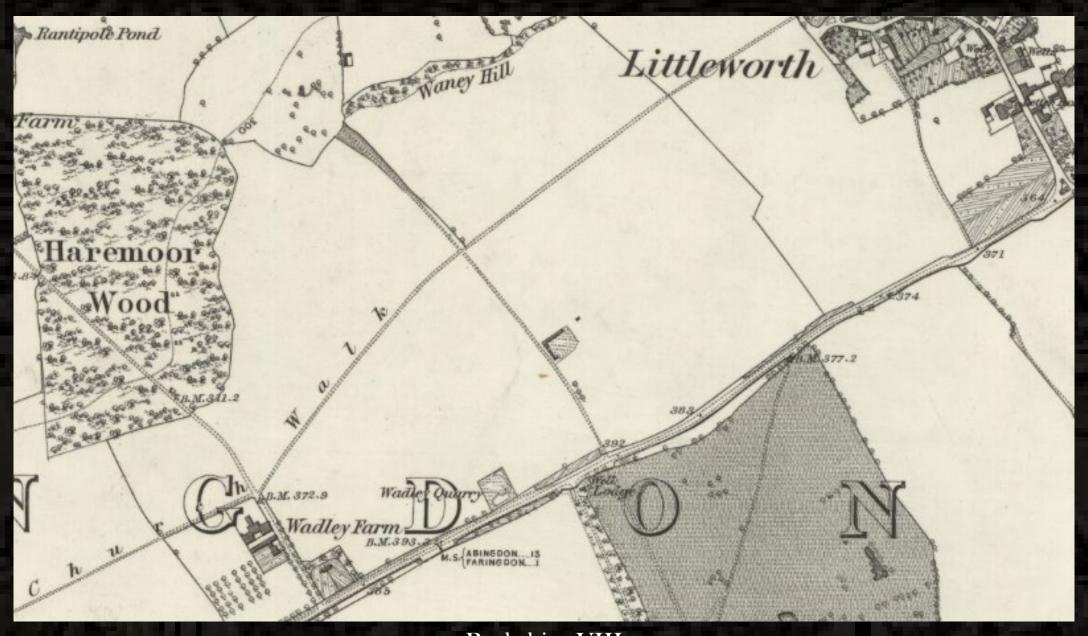
MANY writers on folklore (e.g. Christina Hole (ed.), Encyclopaedia of Superstitions, 1961, pp. 83-5) mention the widespread belief that the passage of a corpse or funeral procession across private land establishes a public right of way. At the entrance to Palace Road in Brixton, South London, a wooden sign board in good condition states:

Private Road Heavy Traffic Funerals & Hawkers Prohibited

Whilst the prohibition of heavy traffic and hawkers is understandable, the ban on funerals can only be explained in light of this belief, and might, therefore, be worthy of record in *Folklore*.

From L. R. Phelps, Oriel College, Oxford "In many parishes the church path is a familiar feature. Where I knew it best, at Littleworth, in Berkshire, it connected an outlying hamlet with its parish church at Farringdon, some two miles off. The characteristic of a 'church path' is that it is never ploughed over, but stands out from the field, hard and dry, and of a width sufficient to allow the bearers of a coffin to walk abreast along it. Now, the tradition which I heard as a boy in Kent was that when a funeral had passed along an existing path, the path could not be ploughed over, and was thus distinguished from the ordinary path, which had to be trodden out afresh from time to time. Perhaps we have here a stage in the growth of the legend that the passage of a coffin can make a right of way.





Berkshire VIII
Series: Ordnance Survey. Six-inch to the mile Surveyed 1876 to 1877, Published 1883





